

Using an XRF, RTS, and GIS-based Approach to Conduct a Dynamic Remedial Investigation at Four Small Arms Training Ranges located at Fort McClellan

Prepared for the DOD Environmental Monitoring and Data Quality Workshop Harrah's Reno, Nevada May 10 – 14, 2004

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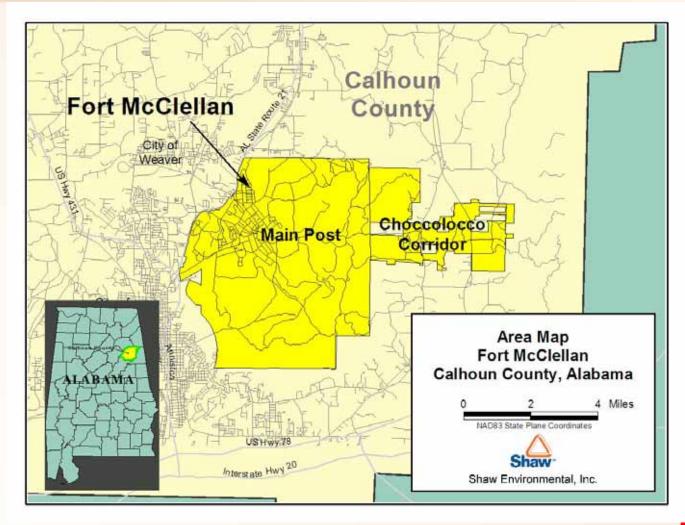
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Mobile District

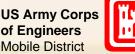


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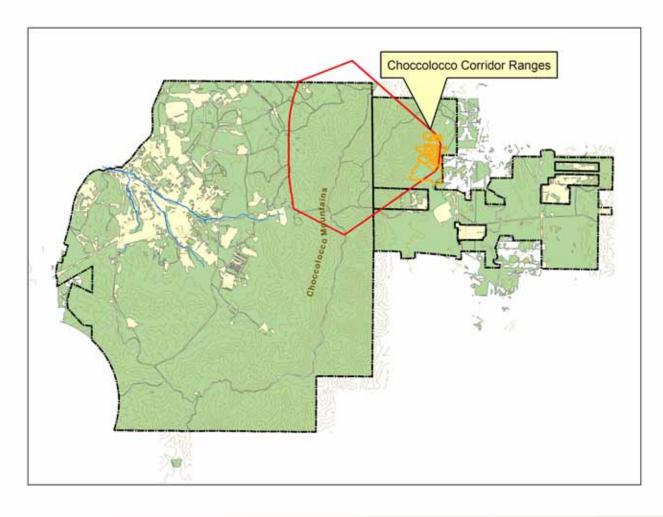
Fort McClellan, Alabama





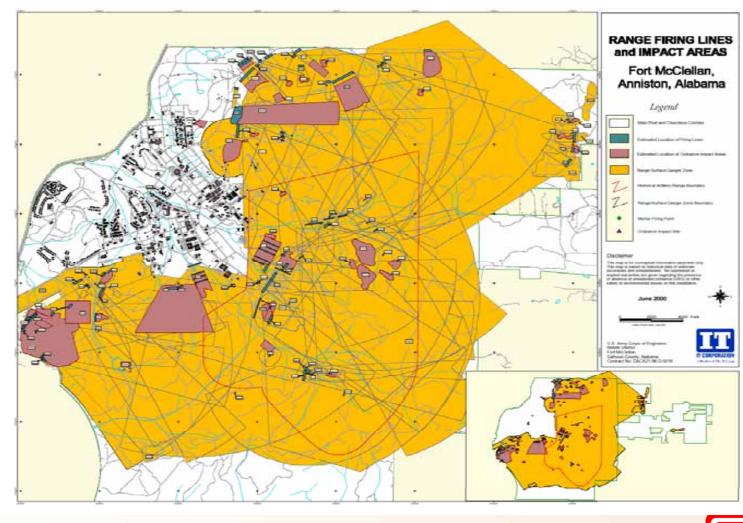


Fort McClellan, Alabama





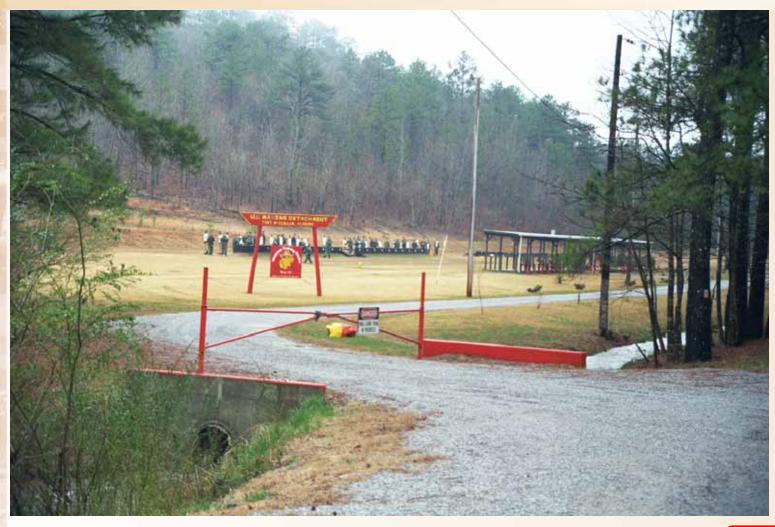
Ranges at Fort McClellan – Main Post



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22 Ranges at FTMC Were "Active" at Closure







Including 13 Small Arms Ranges (Pistol and Rifle)

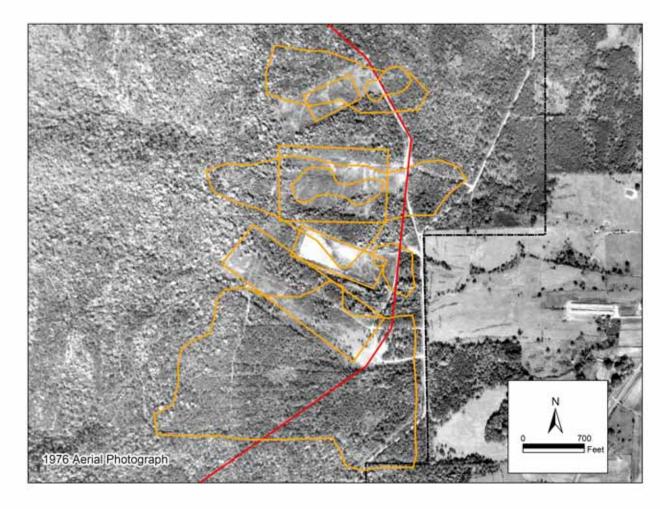








Choccolocco Corridor, 1976 Aerial Photo



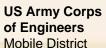




Choccolocco Mountains - Elevation 1,800 ft amsl

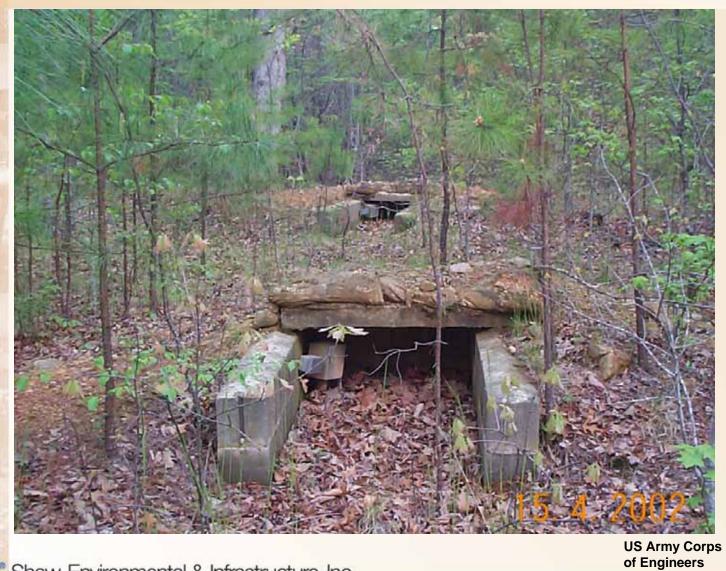


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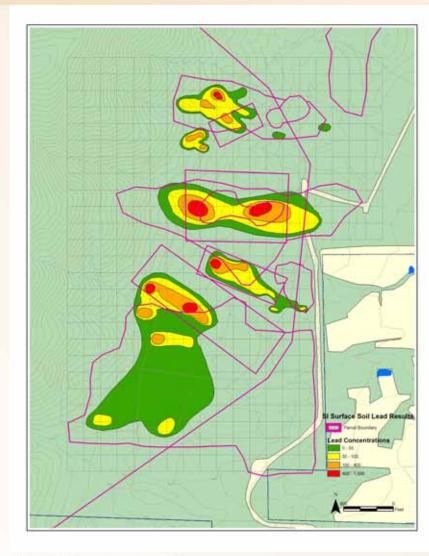


CC Ranges have few remaining features...



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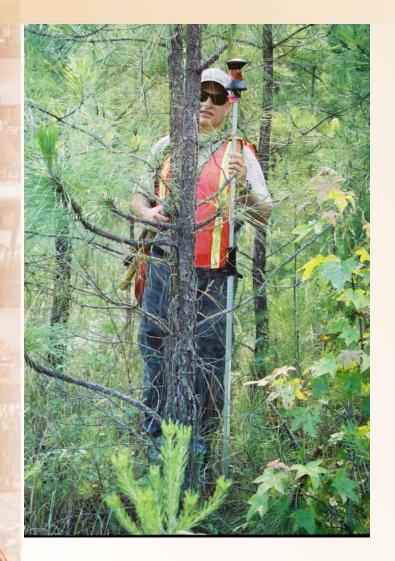
CC XRF Grid/SI Data from RI Phase 1 Work Plan

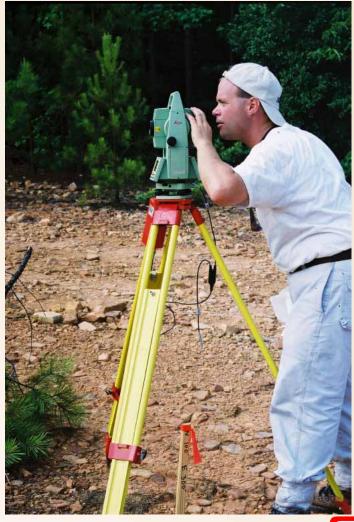






Robotic Total Station (RTS) Surveying System

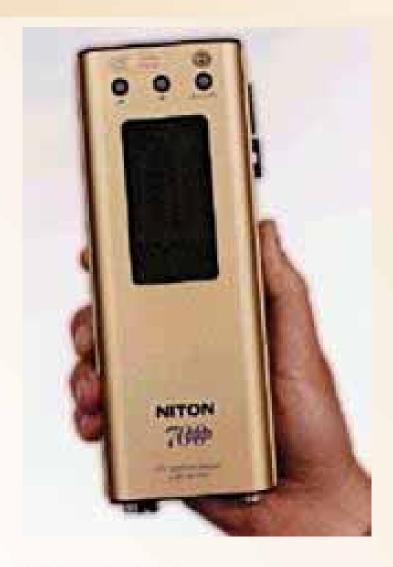








Niton X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) Instrument







Soil Sampling at Grid Nodes



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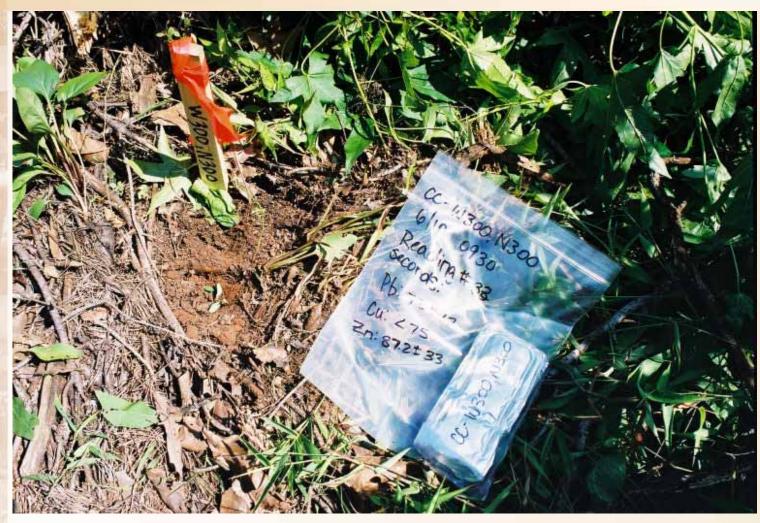
Onsite XRF Analysis





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Archived Node Sample for QA Confirmation







Real-Time XRF Data Capture (Hardcopy)







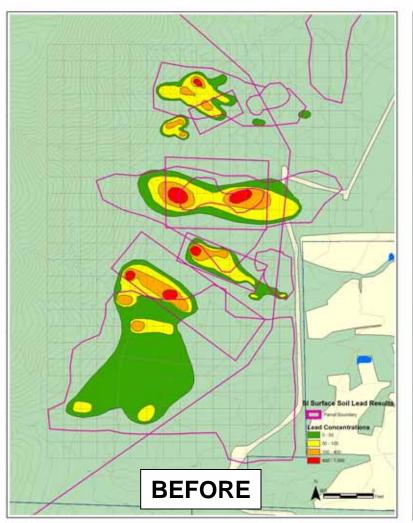
XRF Data Download, Excel Spreadsheet

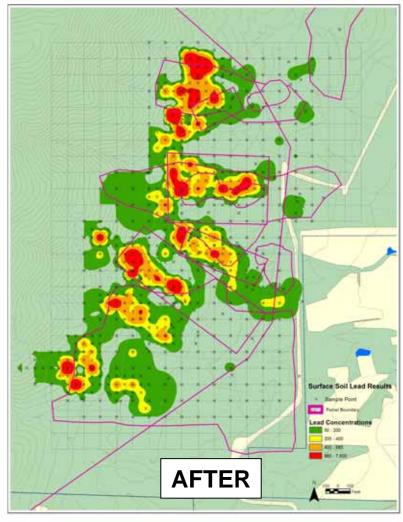
Seri	al #XL700	D-U15667083LY								
BULK										
Header:										
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	2 2	Calibration	80.3	8/18/2003	12:52	<lod< td=""><td>12.0</td><td><lod< td=""><td>4</td><td>48</td></lod<></td></lod<>	12.0	<lod< td=""><td>4</td><td>48</td></lod<>	4	48
	3 3	Calibration	79.9	8/18/2003	12:56	404.2	33.3	<lod< td=""><td>90.4</td><td>45</td></lod<>	90.4	45
	4 4	Calibration	79.6	8/18/2003	13:01	1040	50.4	99.1	56.	.5
	5 5	Calibration	81	8/18/2003	13:06	5427.2	140	2889.6	20	00
	6 6	W:1200, S:1400	82.6	8/18/2003	14:01	51	14.	<lod< td=""><td>65.5</td><td>55</td></lod<>	65.5	55
	7 7	W:1600, S:1400	80.5	8/18/2003	14:20	3600	94.0	132.9	5	51
	8	W:1400, S:1200	80.8	8/18/2003	14:42	150.1	19.2	<lod< td=""><td>63.</td><td>.3</td></lod<>	63.	.3
	9 9	W:1600, S:1200	79.9	8/18/2003	15:04	46.1	13.8	<lod< td=""><td>6</td><td>63</td></lod<>	6	63
1	0 10	W:1400, S:1000	81.8	8/18/2003	15:22	65.4	15.	<lod< td=""><td>69.4</td><td>15</td></lod<>	69.4	1 5
1	1 11	W:1200, S:1200	80.1	8/18/2003	15:40	44	13.0	<lod< td=""><td>67.3</td><td>35</td></lod<>	67.3	35
1	2 12	W:1000, S;1200	80.1	8/18/2003	15:59	38.7	13.0	<lod< td=""><td>66.7</td><td>75</td></lod<>	66.7	75





Before & After - Lead Contour Maps by GIS





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Advantages of this Approach

- XRF as a Screening Tool
 - XRF provided consistent, accurate analytical service
- Accurate Surveying with RTS
 - Performed in a topographically rugged, remote area and under densely wooded cover with minimal tree clearing required
- Real-time GIS Support Used For:
 - Directing the field sampling efforts
 - Communicating progress to stakeholders
 - Planning and justifying Phase II RI sample locations



Advantages of this Approach

- Field measurements with XRF also used on 27 total ranges at FTMC with over 1,600 samples analyzed to date. This represents an area totaling 12,700 acres. Data accepted by State and EPA.
- XRF surveys have proved to be an effective way to characterize range safety fans and eliminate them as areas of potential contamination during range RIs.
- USACE estimates cost savings during the CC Range RI to be \$270,000 over traditional sampling, offsite lab analysis approach.

